



PSD2: SOLVING THE SCA CHALLENGE WHILE IMPROVING THE USER EXPERIENCE

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AGENDA

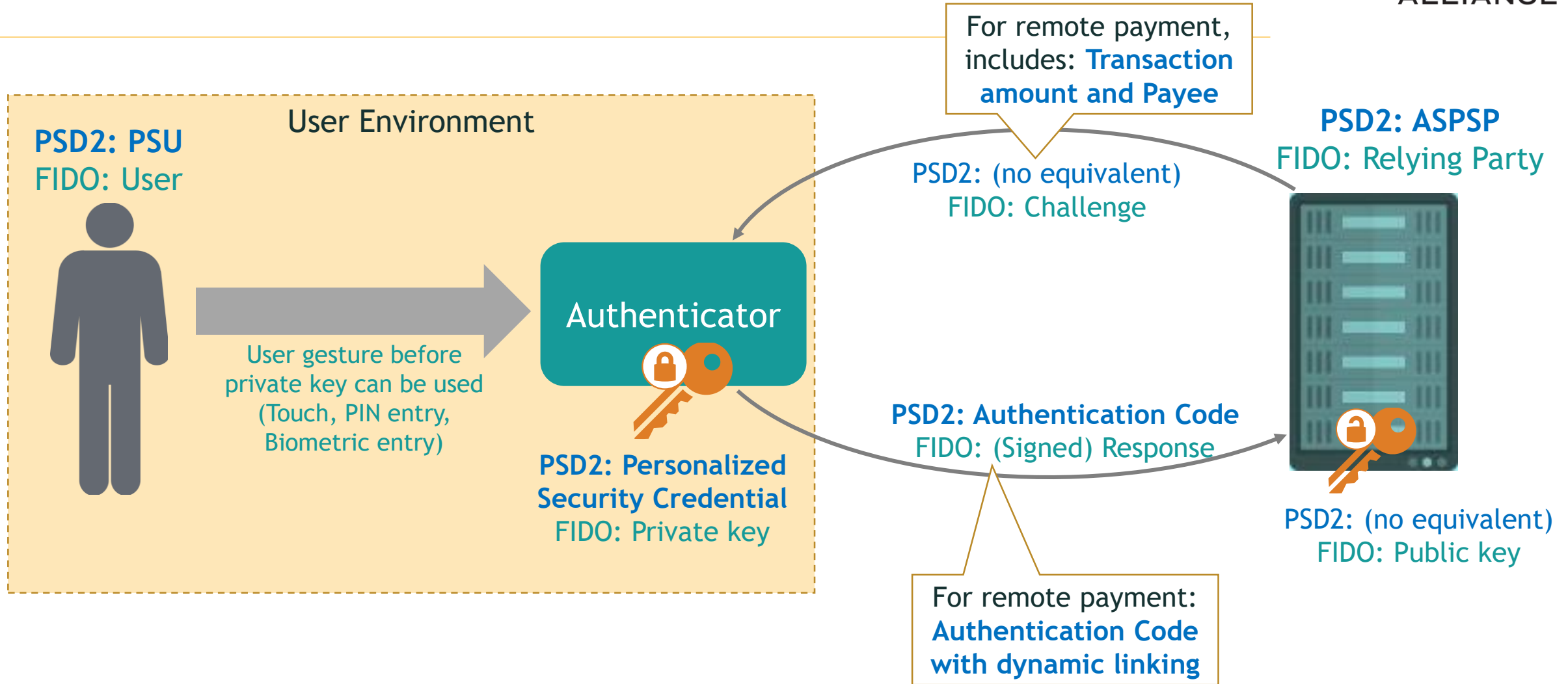


- FIDO and the requirements of PSD2/RTS
- The authentication models and how FIDO can help



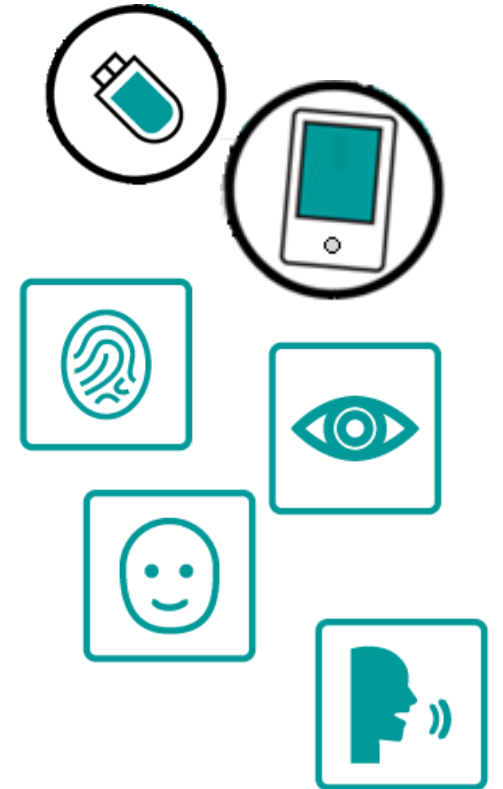
FIDO AND THE REQUIREMENTS OF PSD2/RTS

VOCABULARY



FIDO STANDARDS MEET THE PSD2/RTS REQUIREMENTS

- Based on Multi factor authentication
 - Articles 4, 6, 7, 8 [RTS]
- Secure separated execution environments ranging from hardened Software to TEE to Secure Elements
 - Articles 9, 22, 23, 25 [RTS]
- Support for dynamic linking
 - Article 5 [RTS]



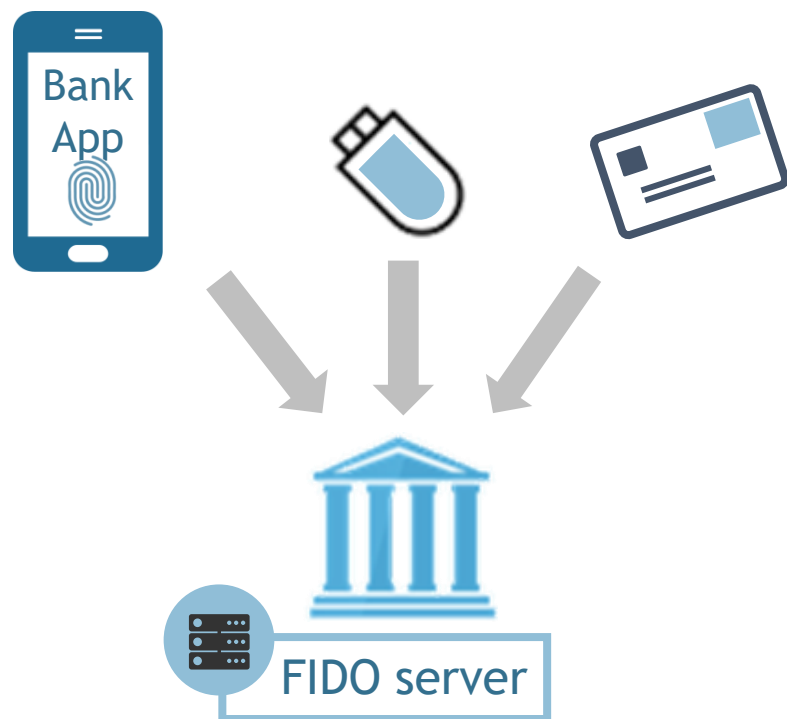
FIDO PROTECTS USER AUTHENTICATION DATA

- No shared secrets
 - Bank keys are generated in the authenticator
 - Public Key is uploaded to bank's server
 - the security credential never leaves the authenticator
- Local verification (of PIN, of biometric data)
 - In line with GDPR's "Privacy by Design"
 - Facilitates deployment



FIDO SUPPORTS MULTI CHANNEL AUTHENTICATION

- Necessity to reach 100% users → multiple devices may be necessary



- A FIDO universal server supports *any* FIDO compliant authenticator

→ FIDO Standards reduce the cost of deploying multiple devices

FIDO COMES WITH A CERTIFICATION PROGRAM

- Functional, by the FIDO Alliance
- Security, by the FIDO Alliance and independent accredited labs
- New biometrics certification

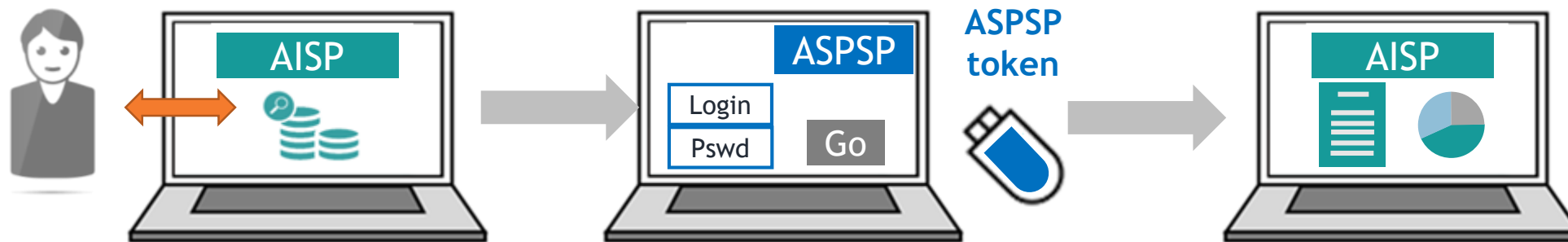
→ The RTS require security evaluation (Article 3 [RTS])



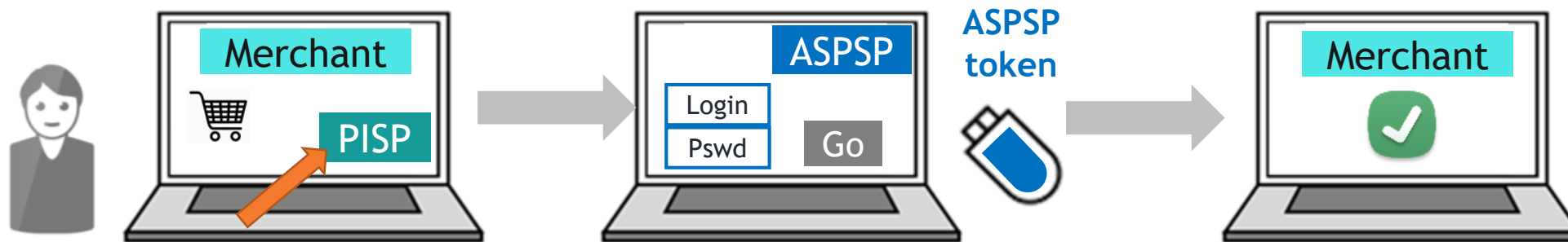


THE AUTHENTICATION MODELS AND HOW FIDO CAN HELP

THE “REDIRECTION” MODEL



Example for account aggregation



Example for payment initiation

THE “DECOUPLED” MODEL



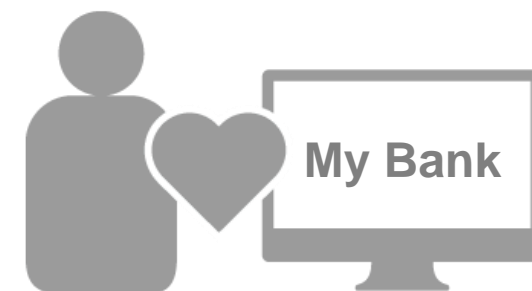
Example for payment initiation, from a browser



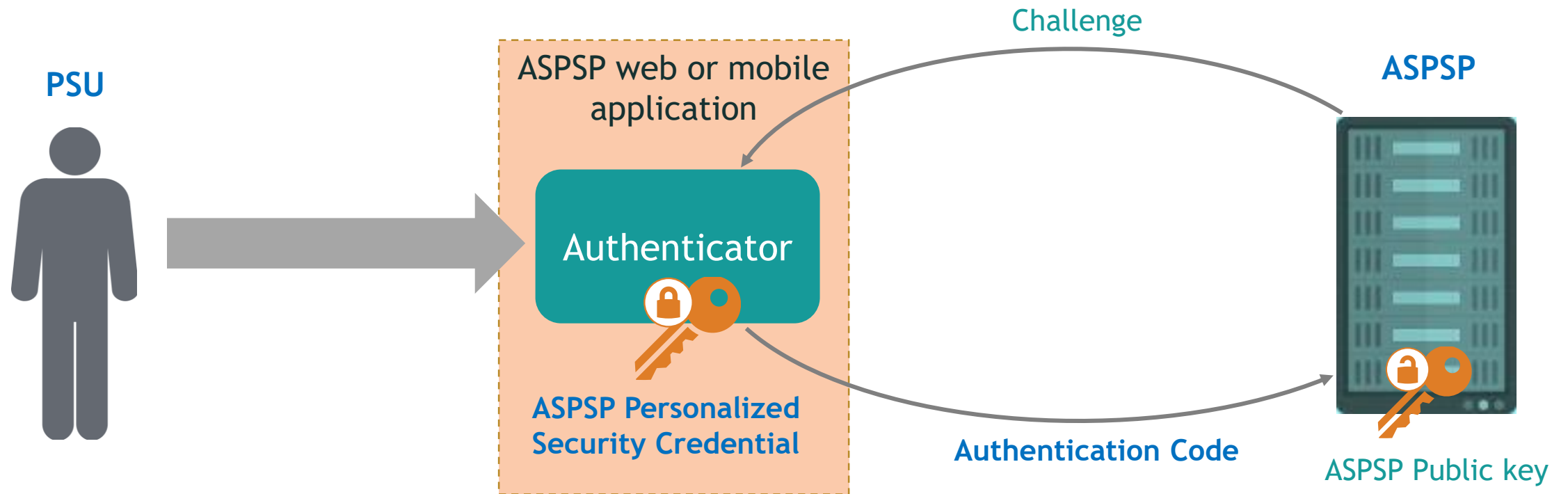
Example for account aggregation, on a smartphone

ADVANTAGES OF THE REDIRECTION/DECOUPLED MODEL

- Fastest way for a bank to implement SCA
 - Re-uses the authentication for bank's own services
 - In line with current practices
 - No dependence on other parties
- No impact on the Open APIs
 - There is no need for APIs to support authentication in these models
- A category of users will feel comfortable authenticating via the bank's interface
 - Trust
 - Familiarity

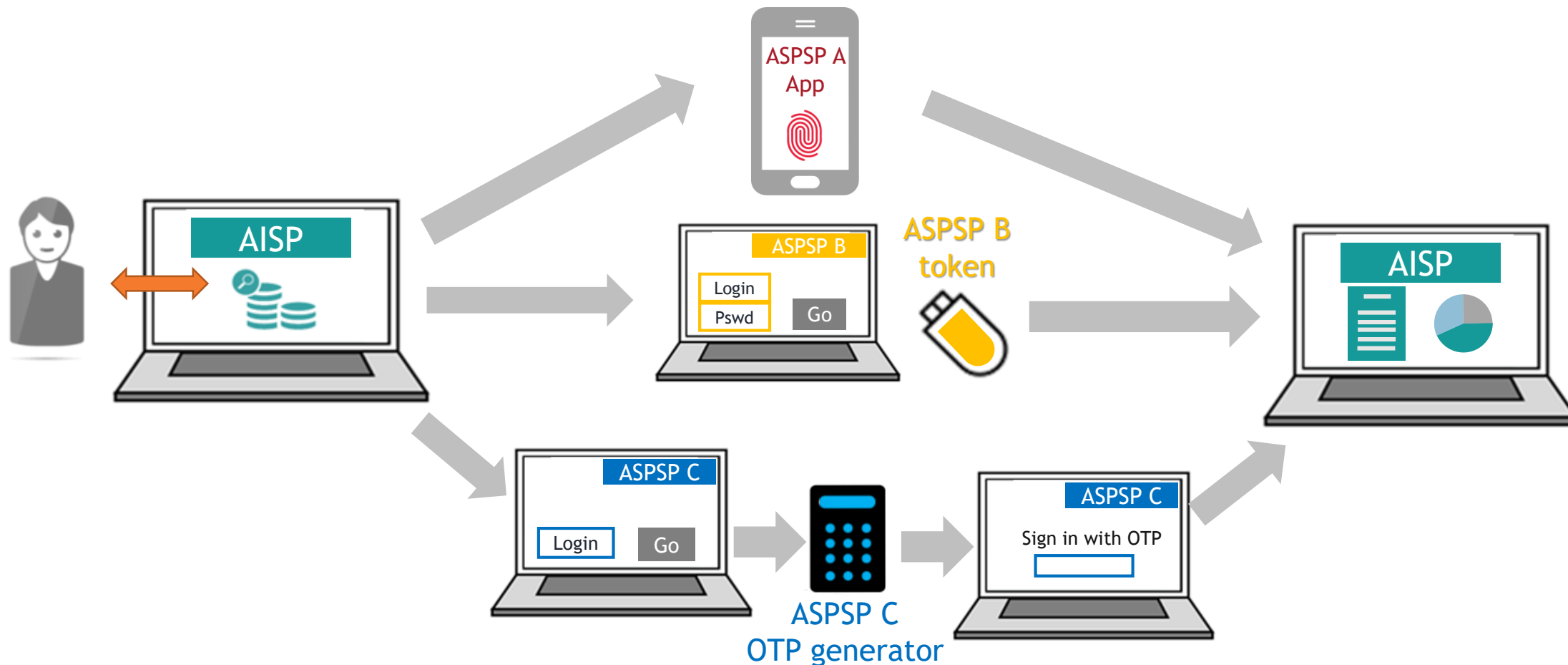


FIDO DESIGNED TO WORK IN THESE MODELS

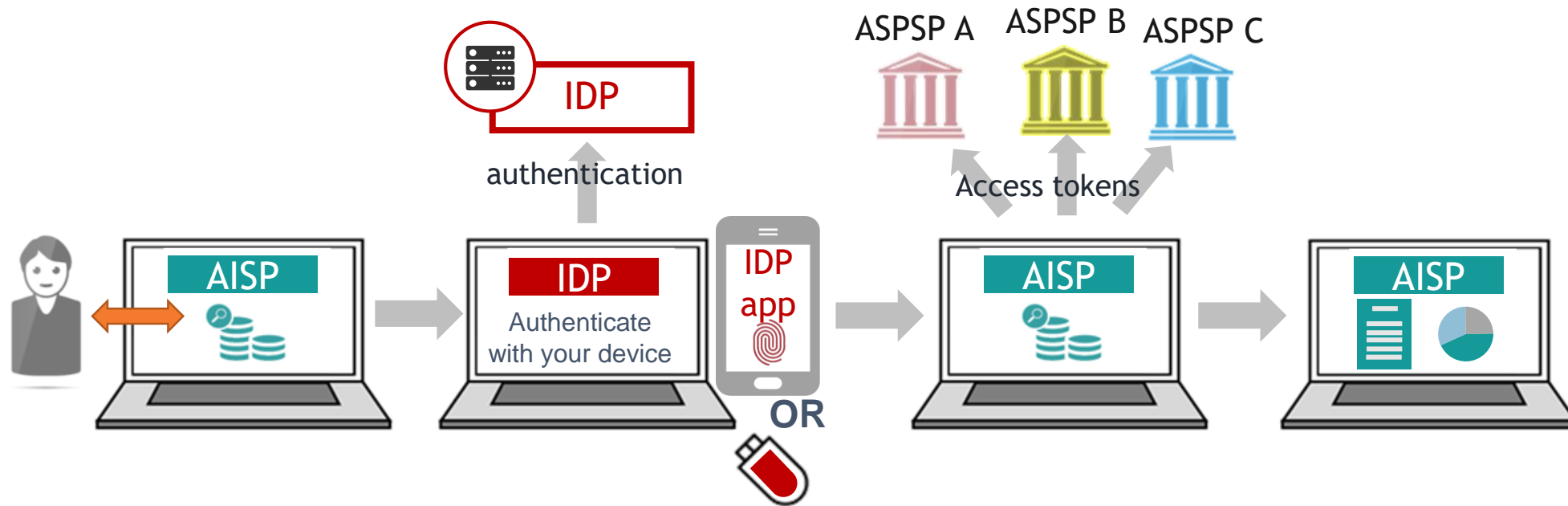


POTENTIAL POOR UX IN THE REDIRECTION/DECOUPLED MODEL

- In account aggregation use cases

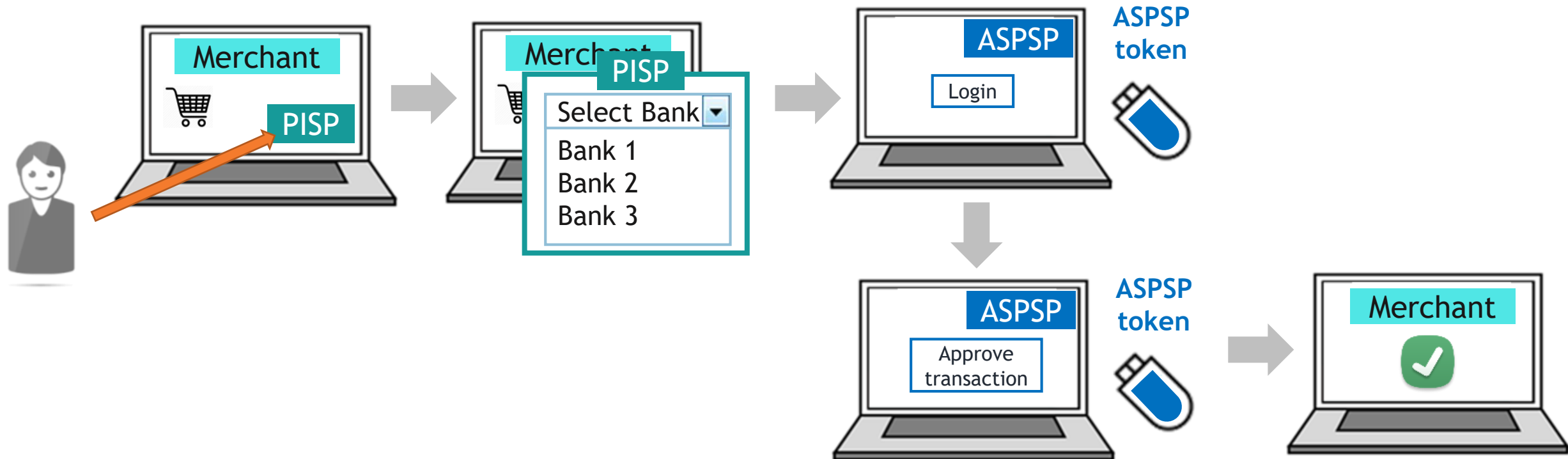


FEDERATED IDENTITY SYSTEM: ONLY ONE REDIRECTION



- FIDO standards fully functional in federated identity systems
- Can be combined with Authorisation frameworks
 - OAuth 2, Open ID Connect...

SOME FINTECHS MAY COMPLAIN ABOUT THE CUSTOMER JOURNEY



WHAT THE REGULATOR AND STAKEHOLDERS SAY

- The RTS (the law)
 - Article 32-3 on “obstacles” → ASPSP may have to provide alternatives to Redirection if not properly implemented
- ERPB
 - Recommendations for Payment Initiation: The PSU should not be required to access an ASPSP webpage as a part of the authentication process if this limits the PISP in the innovative design of its customer interface
- EBA opinion paper
 - Redirection not an obstacle per se
- The Fintechs
 - Some happy with redirection
 - Some wanting to preserve the user experience they offer

THE “EMBEDDED” MODEL



Example for account aggregation



Example for payment initiation

TWO POSSIBILITIES

1. The user is registered with the TPP

- The user makes use of the TPP app
- Example for a PISP:



FIDO proposes a solution for this use case

2. The user is not registered with the TPP

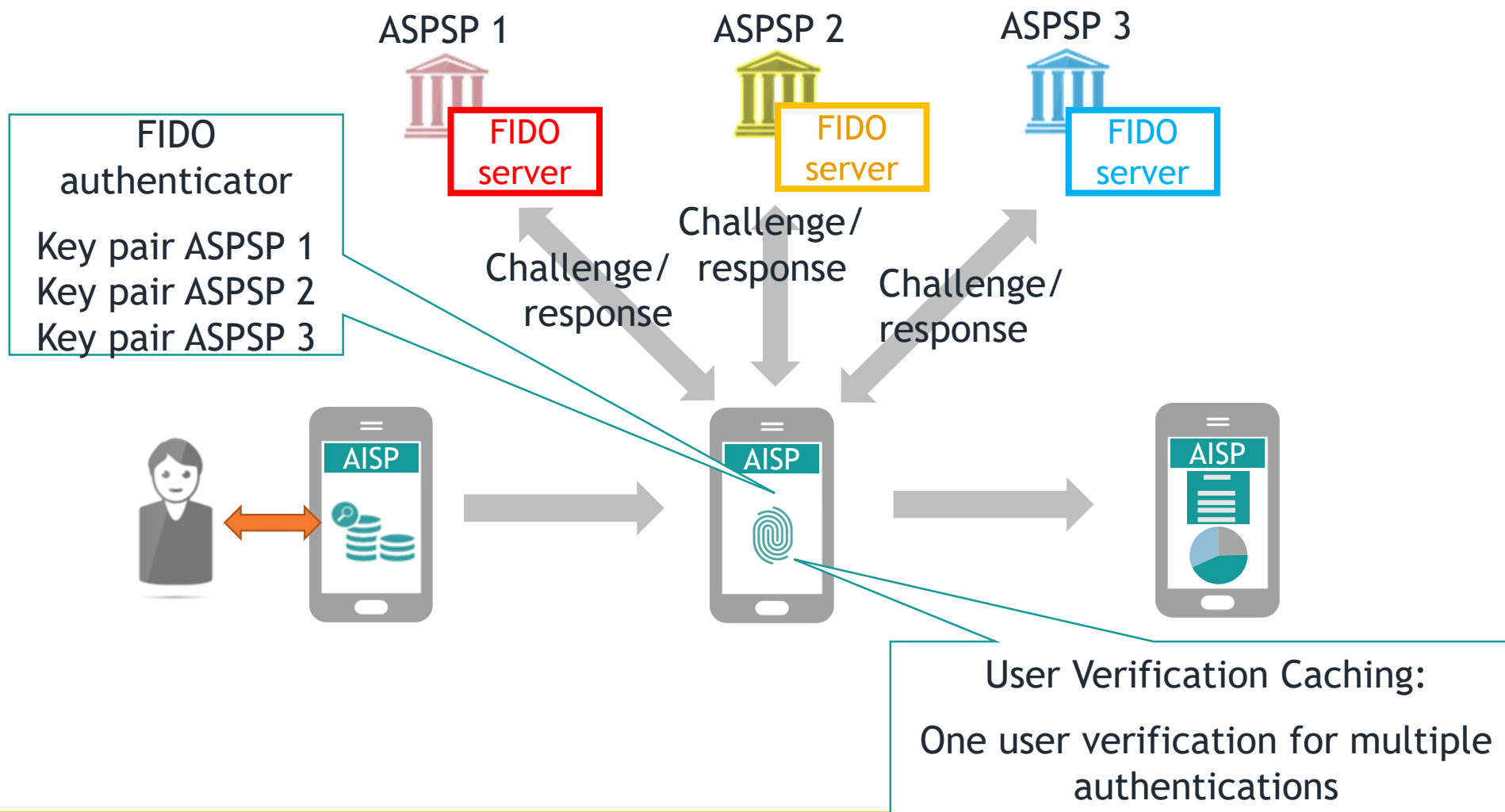
- The TPP only facilitates access to the account

FIDO views the redirection or decoupled approach as suitable for this use case

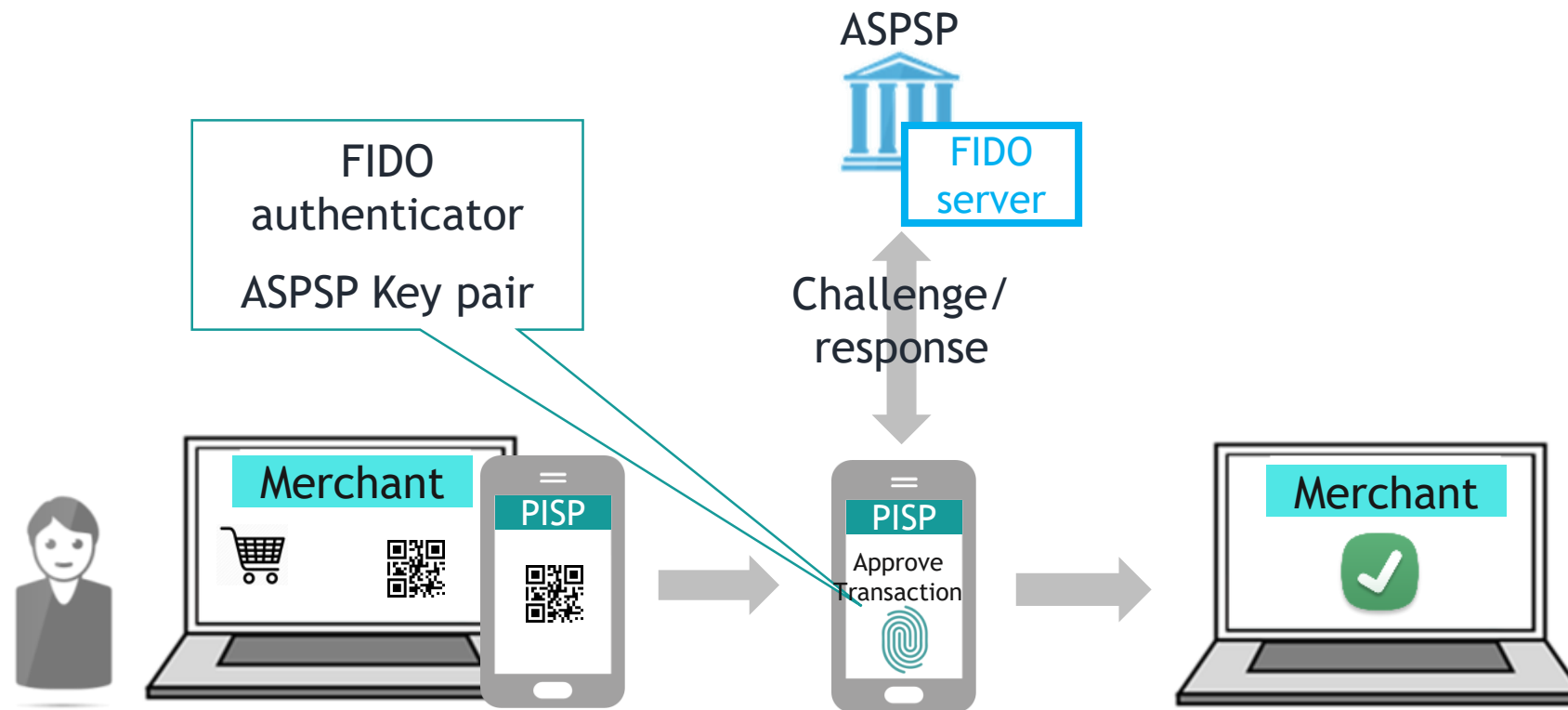
USING FIDO IN THE EMBEDDED MODEL

- The TPP handles the user interaction but the ASPSP verifies the user authentication
 - ASPSP security credentials are created in the authenticator
 - The TPP application calls the authenticator
- FIDO can be used in this model, with special care taken to ensure end user privacy
 - Made possible because PSD2 binds TPP and ASPSP under a common legal framework permitting the TPP to perform operations with the ASPSP on behalf of the user
 - De facto, the “Relying Party” role is partly executed by TPP, partly by ASPSP

FIDO FOR THE EMBEDDED MODEL - AISP EXAMPLE

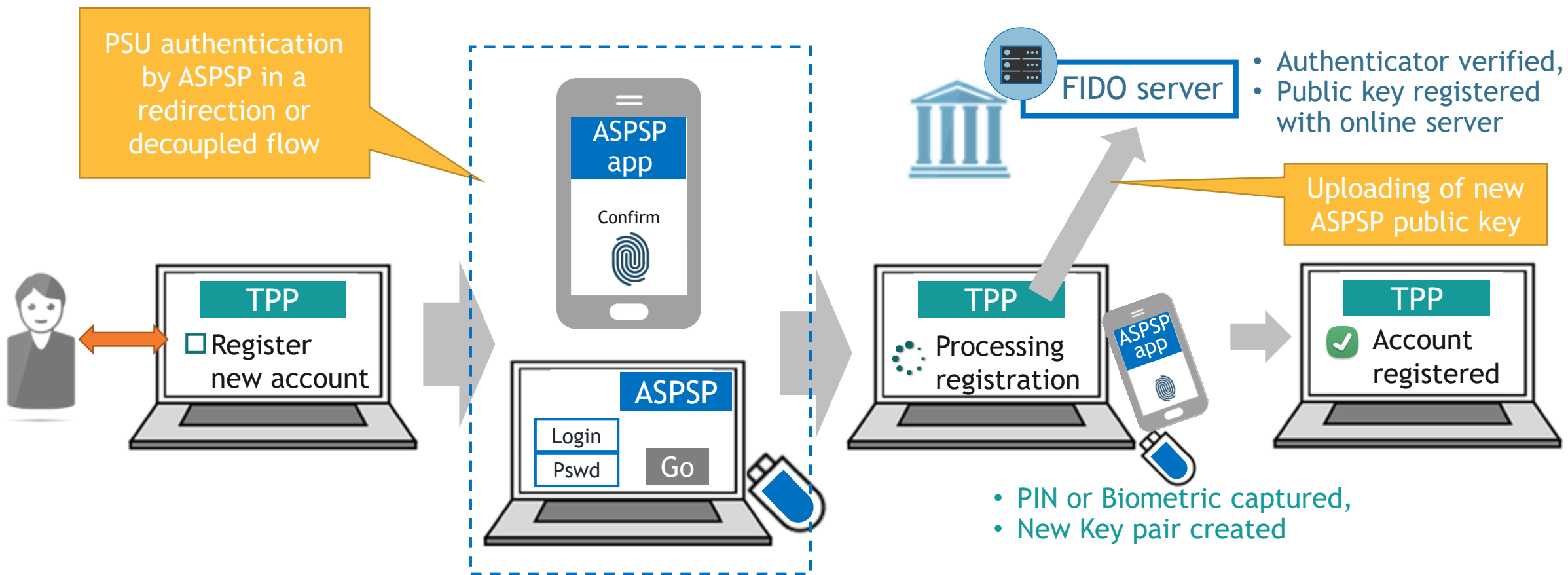


FIDO FOR THE EMBEDDED MODEL - PISP EXAMPLE



FIDO REGISTRATION IN THE EMBEDDED MODEL

- How do ASPSP keys get into the authenticator



PRE REQUISITES

- The Open APIs must support challenge/response mechanisms and registration APIs
- TPP should ensure separate key created for each APSPSP to ensure end user privacy
- ASPSPs must automatically register TPP application ids in their FIDO server
- ASPSPs must agree to the user verification step being triggered by the TPP application
- Ideally, ASPSPs should use the same user verification method

KEY TAKE AWAYS

- **FIDO standards: a user friendly solution to implement PSD2**
 - Security and Privacy by design
 - Meet all the RTS requirements
 - Alignment with authorization frameworks
- **FIDO standards maximize reach**
 - They support a multiplicity of devices
- **FIDO standards: versatile and future proof**
 - Bank can support the redirection and decoupled models
 - Bank can propose the embedded model to TPPs that integrate FIDO authenticators in their solutions



[HTTPS://FIDOALLIANCE.ORG/](https://fidoalliance.org/)