

TeleTrust-EBCA "PKI-Workshop" 2024

Berlin, 10.10.2024

"Einführung von Code-Signing-Lösung bei einem Vorreiter für Automationstechnik"

SignPath und NTT DATA Deutschland

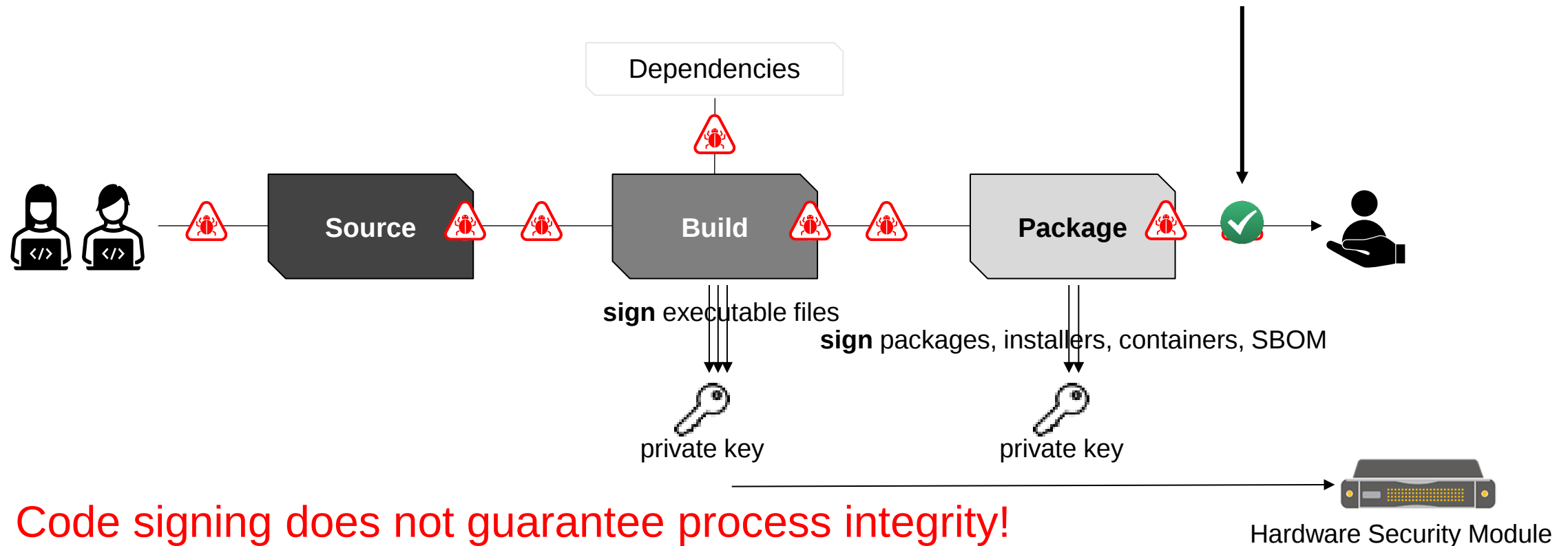
Stefan Wenig, SignPath

Code Signing: authenticity and integrity

Authenticity: who published (signed) the code?

Integrity: was it modified after signing

If only the publisher has access to the private key



Hardware Security Modules

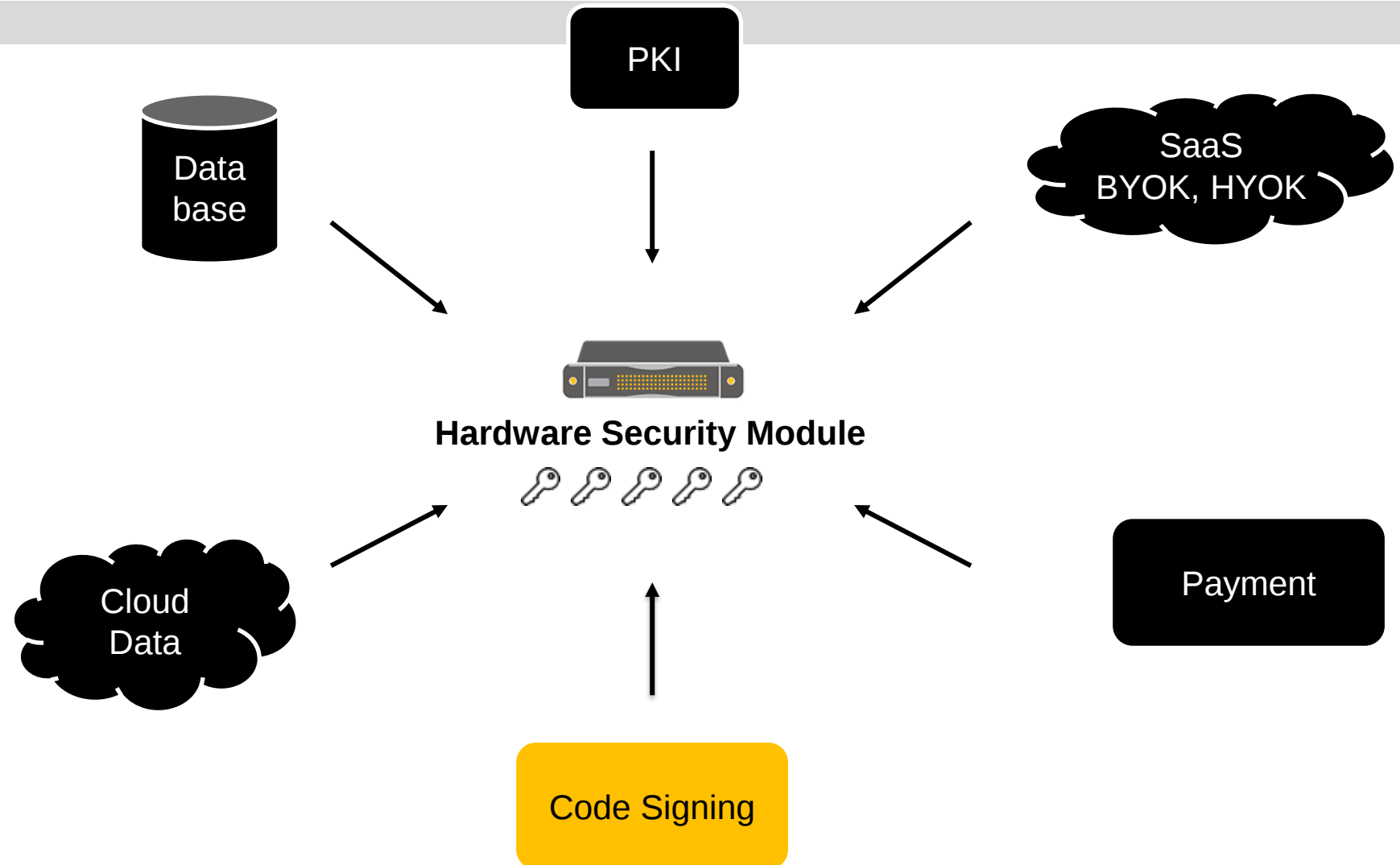
Certified hardware

- FIPS 140-2
- Common Criteria

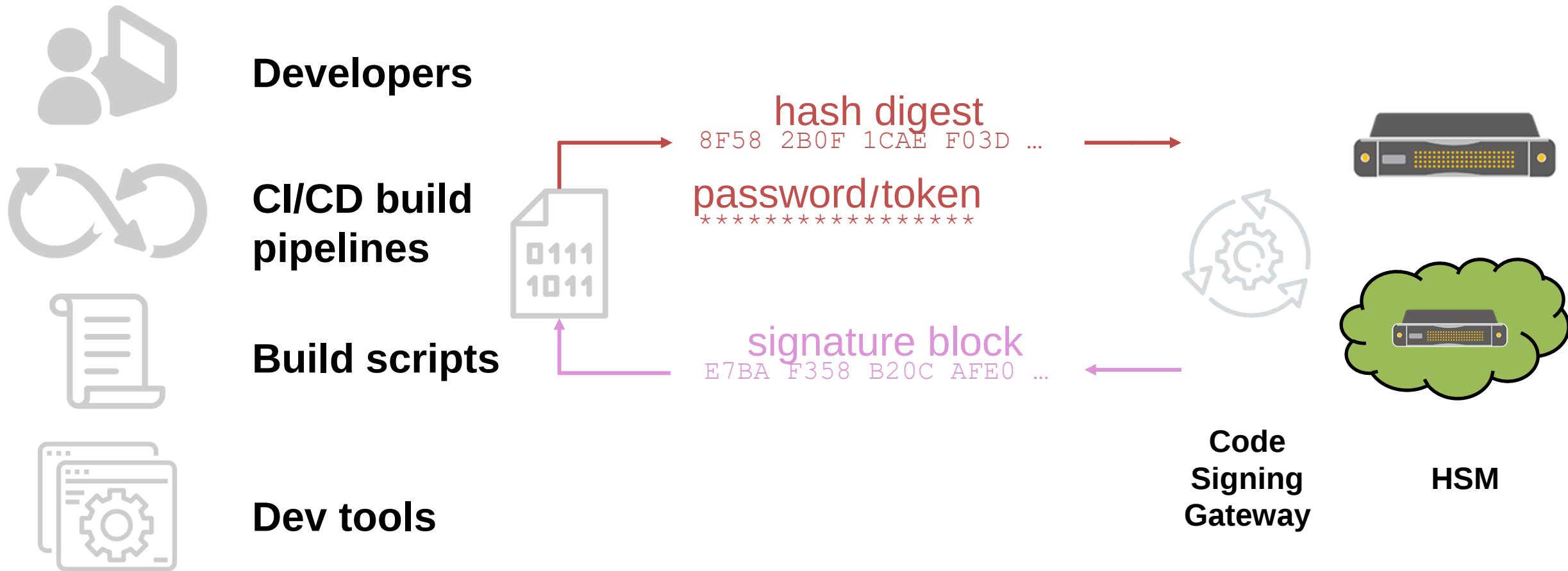
Lifetime security for secret keys

Keys never leave the HSM

Signing and decryption performed by HSM



What the HSM sees ... and doesn't see



Platform-native Software Validation

Platform	Standard Software	OSS	Components	Internal, Contractors
Windows	MS Update, MS Store, signing		signing?	
macOS, iOS	Apple Store, signing, notarization		signing, notarization	
Android	Play Store		?	signatures
Linux	distro, package repos		hash code? GPG signing?	
Containers	DCT, Notary, Cosign?		n/a	DCT, Notary, Cosign?
Java	signing (SE; EE?)		GPG signing (Maven Central)	signing?
Coding platforms	n/a	package managers, signing?		private pkg mgr? signing?
SBOMs, attestations	Cosign? CycloneDX XML/JSON signing?			
Other	scripts, config files, Helm charts, Terraform configs, Ansible playbooks ...			

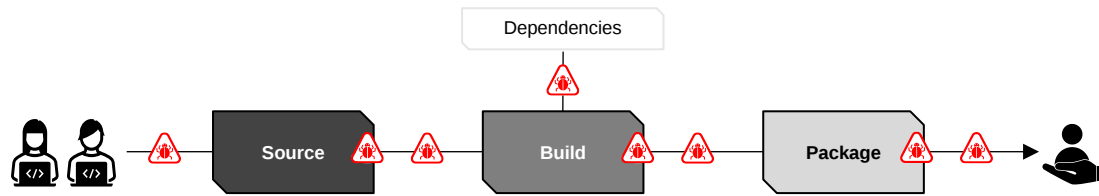
Different approaches

- file formats
 - generic vs. specific
 - embedded, envelope, detached
- algorithms (key, hash)
- root of trust, key distribution
 - certificate types (if any)
 - long-lived vs ephemeral
 - publisher vs. location
- online vs. offline
- content vs. metadata
- timestamping

Harden your Build Pipeline



SLSA Supply-chain Levels for Software Artifacts



OWASP Top 10 CI/CD Security Risks

- CICD-SEC-1 **Insufficient Flow Control Mechanisms**
- CICD-SEC-2 **Inadequate Identity and Access Management**
- CICD-SEC-3 **Dependency Chain Abuse**
- CICD-SEC-4 **Poisoned Pipeline Execution (PPE)**
- CICD-SEC-5 **Insufficient PBAC (Pipeline-Based Access Controls)**
- CICD-SEC-6 **Insufficient Credential Hygiene**
- CICD-SEC-7 **Insecure System Configuration**
- CICD-SEC-8 **Ungoverned Usage of 3rd Party Services**
- CICD-SEC-9 **Improper Artifact Integrity Validation**
- CICD-SEC-10 **Insufficient Logging and Visibility**

Level	Requirements	Focus
L1	Produce provenance	Mistakes, documentation
L2	Hosted build platform, signing	Post-build tamper
L3	Hardened build platform	Build tamper

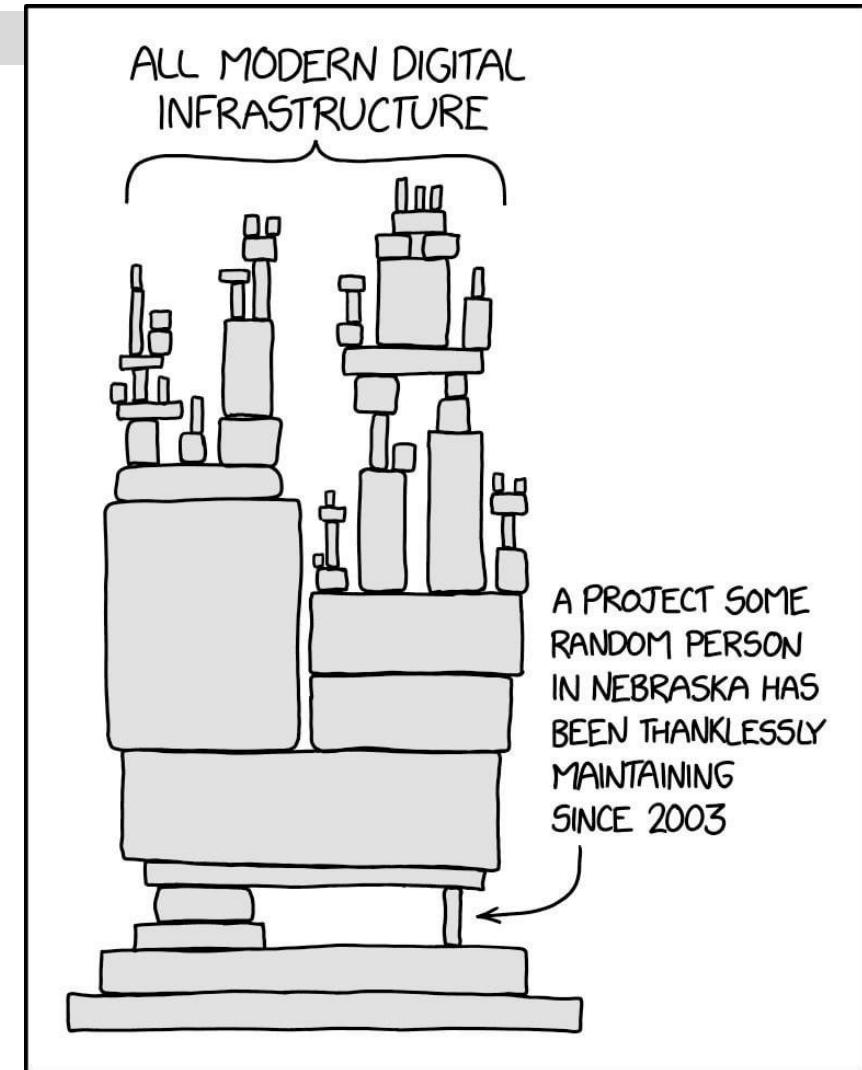


Missing Control & Personal Trust Exploited

2024 XZ Utils Attack

OSS relies on **SOURCE** code reviews
but **trusts individual maintainers**
with **building & packaging**

- XZ Utils in many **Linux distros, macOS, embedded systems**
- **Social engineering** since 2021: bad actor achieved maintainer status
- **Attack implementation:**
 - Payload in forged binary test data
 - Not activated in GitHub source → **undetectable for reviewers**
 - Manually activated in source tarball
 - **Signed with bad maintainer's personal key**
- **Detected by Accident**



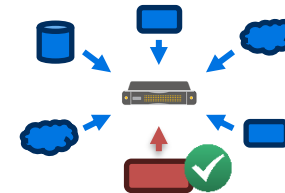


Pipeline Integrity

- **Zero-trust verification:** deep CI integration
 - Verify origin + build integrity
 - Source code and CI policies
- **Process and integration**
 - testing, approval, release candidates

Advanced Code Signing

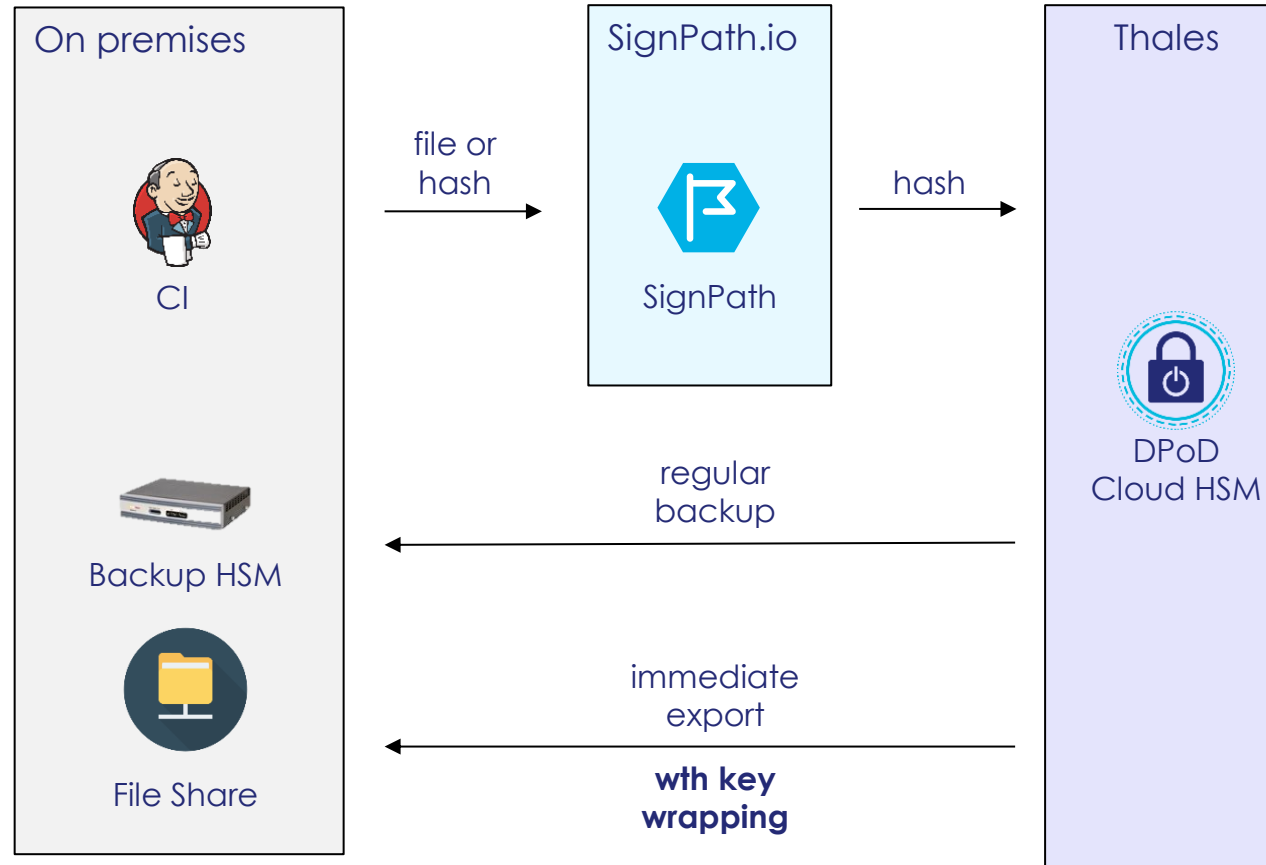
- Physical key security
- Platforms and Formats
- Package specs & constraints
- Declarative signing



Platform	Standard Software	OS	Components	Internal Contracts
Windows	MSI, EXE, NSIS, ZIP, CAB, etc.	Windows	System, UI, etc.	signing?
macOS, iOS	App Store, Xcode, etc.	macOS, iOS	System, UI, etc.	signing, notarization
Android	APK, AAB, etc.	Android	System, UI, etc.	signing
Linux	deb, rpm, etc.	Linux	System, UI, etc.	signing?
Containers	Docker, etc.	Linux, Windows	System, UI, etc.	signing?
Java	JAR, WAR, etc.	Java	System, UI, etc.	signing?
Coding platforms	GitHub, etc.	Linux, Windows	System, UI, etc.	signing?
SIDM, etc.	etc.	etc.	etc.	etc.
Other	etc.	etc.	etc.	etc.



Key custodianship and key archiving



Vielen Dank!



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